

R01 HL67647-01A1

High Frequency Ultrasound Arrays for Intracardiac Imaging

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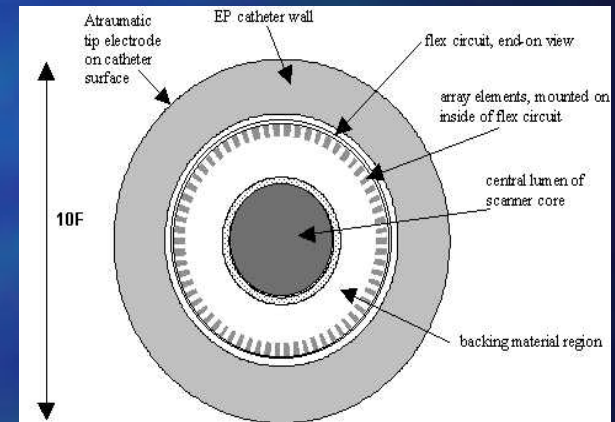
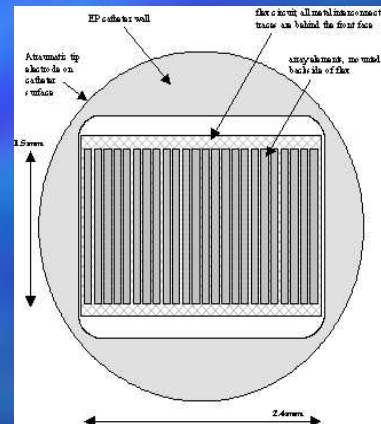
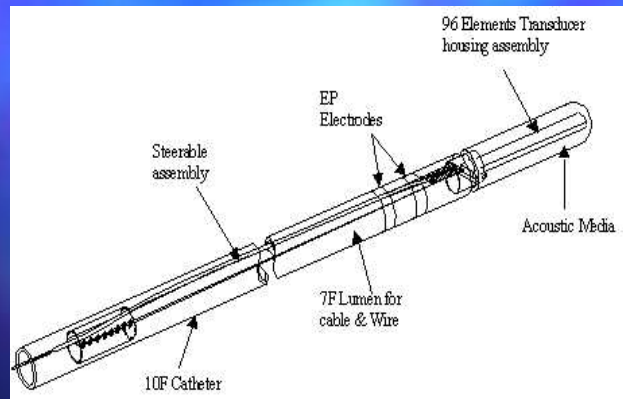
University of Southern California, NIH RR in High Frequency Arrays for Ultrasound (K. Kirk Shung)

GE Global Research Center, Schenectady, NY (Kai Thomenius)

University of California, Davis, CA (Douglas N. Stephens)

Stanford University, Palo Alto, CA (Pierre Khuri-Yakub)

Irvine Biomedical, Inc., Irvine, CA (Raymond Chia)



Specific Aim 1

Test hypothesis that intracardiac echocardiography (ICE) can critically guide electrophysiological procedures (EP) for the heart; to improve EP outcomes while simultaneously reducing procedure duration, radiation exposure, and cost.

Specific Aim 2

Test hypothesis that ultrasound based strain rate imaging with a high resolution intracardiac array can guide EP electrode placement and assess the efficacy of therapeutic cardiac procedures using studies in animal models and human patients.

Progress

Science:

- Our first hockey-stick 64-element side-looking phased array ICP enabled catheters have been completed.
 - They have undergone animal testing for imaging and tissue Doppler strain rate methods for tracking the propagation of arrhythmias.
 - Further testing this summer will image ablation from an intracardiac location and finish the investigational device exemption for this device.
- The second device, a forward-looking microlinear array, will have either a 32-element piezoelectric or potentially a C-MUT array.
 - The C-MUT design could potentially be implemented with miniature pulses and multiplexing and could be adapted to deliver high intensity ultrasound so that not only RF ablations but also high-frequency ultrasound ablation could be performed.
- The third device will be a 9 French C-MUT based imaging system in a ring array with an outside ablation electrode on the side wall. The aperture will admit a 7 French steerable catheter, the action of which can be imaged in 3D space from the outer catheter.

Administrative issues:

- Our partnership is cordial, professional and enthusiastic. All segments are operating smoothly.
- The loss of JOMED as a partner moved Doug Stephens into a central role as engineering coordinator now working in the Biomedical Engineering Department of UC Davis, in Katherine Ferrara's lab.
- The technology which was to have been available through JOMED was switched towards a much more interesting and advanced set of technologies – that is the tremendous expertise of Prof. Pierre Khuri-Yakub, which should yield us versatile new types of arrays with facilitated multiplexing types of connections

